

# Disclaimer

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# Waste Reduction Model

## Part II

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# How are WARM categories developed?

- Must identify available, peer-reviewed life-cycle with clear pathway(s)
  - Boundaries consistent with model
  - Comparative pathways for alternative scenarios
    - (e.g. making a can with recycled material and making a can using virgin material)
- Entire process usually takes 6-8 months



# Current “Things to do” List

- ❖ Update benefit of composting
- ❖ Add additional C&D materials
- ❖ Improve user interface
- ❖ Implement regional energy grid factors (for landfill energy offsets)
- ❖ Add additional packaging materials??



# Organics work

- ❖ Began last year with meeting of experts in the science of composting and landfills
- ❖ Recommendations for further investigation:
  - Material specific decay rates
  - Potential end uses and markets for compost
  - Modeling carbon storage potential of compost

# Compost Emission Factor Breakdown

Net Emissions\* =  
-0.05 MTCE/Ton

Potential GHG Emissions

Potential Carbon Storage

0.01  
MTCE/Ton

0  
MTCE/Ton

0  
MTCE/Ton

-0.02 MTCE/Ton for soil  
carbon storage

+  
-0.05 MTCE/Ton for  
increased humus  
formation

CO<sub>2</sub> from  
transportation to  
facility and turning  
of compost

Biogenic  
CO<sub>2</sub>

Compost  
CH<sub>4</sub>

Soil carbon  
sequestration

# Material specific decay rates

- ❖ Decay rates for organic materials developed (Barlaz)
- ❖ Determining methodology for incorporating decay rates into model
- ❖ May be ready for next update, Fall 2009

# Alternative methods

- ❖ Anaerobic digesters
  - Have data available from Canadian modeling exercise
- ❖ Alternative daily cover



# Potential markets and end uses for compost

- ❖ Able to calculate GHG emissions from upstream production and manufacture of synthetic fertilizer
- ❖ Determining compost-fertilizer substitution rate
- ❖ Should be ready for next update, Fall 2009

# C&D Materials

- ❖ New work to model C&D materials in WARM (pathways TBD)
  - ❖ Most likely added to model:
    - wood flooring
    - fiberglass insulation
  - ❖ More limited data, but can probably model:
    - vinyl flooring
    - asphalt concrete
    - asphalt shingles
    - ceiling tiles
    - drywall
    - structural steel
  - ❖ Insufficient data:
    - ceramic floor tile



# Other GHG tools

- ❖ Reviewing all EPA GHG tools
  - Determining if background data is from consistent sources
- ❖ Work with modelers for outside-EPA whenever possible
  - WARM must maintain certain conditions that other tools may choose to exclude or change (see later slide on “Factors WARM team can not alter”)
- ❖ Please tell us about any tools that you work with that you think we should be familiar with

# User interface

- ❖ Continuing the work on user interface
- ❖ Have a draft plan to make interface more user-friendly
  - More on page definitions
  - Layout of data entry
  - Additional graphic output to accompany summary report
  - Additional transport options (i.e. rail)
- ❖ Additional comments of how the model could be easier to use?

# Factors the WARM team can not alter

- ❖ Global warming potential of methane (or any other gas)
  - This is set by UNFCCC reporting requirements which EPA must follow for national GHG inventories
- ❖ Remove any element of carbon storage or sequestration
  - Changes would need to flow through the same process as noted above

# THANKS!

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